

Curriculum Intent Statement for Science - Biology

At Chase Terrace Academy we aspire for all of our students to achieve greater things than they ever thought possible.

We pride ourselves on being a warm and welcoming school that places community at the heart of everything we do. Our ambitious curriculum is enriching and inclusive, providing challenge and breadth for all. This empowers our students to become compassionate, confident and creative individuals who are resilient, respectful and equipped with a desire to take up a fulfilling role in society and the wider world.

In Science we want to encourage our students to understand and value different cultures, countries and people as well as having an appreciation of how the world works and science in the media which can often be misinterpreted.

We aspire for our students to retain a sense of wonder about our vast and complex Universe. Future generations should be aware of how scientific and technological progress is changing the world, and to help the wider public understand it. It is important to ensure that these changes are heading in the right direction. In a democratic society, this means that everyone needs to have a basic understanding of science to make informed, responsible decisions about the future.

We provide the opportunity for those students with a particular passion for science to study single sciences. This gives students the scope to further broaden and deepen their scientific knowledge in preparation for study at A-level and beyond.

'Curriculum is designed to be ambitious & meet the needs' 'Develops skills for future learning & employment'

Outcomes: For competitive statistics and outcomes in-line and beyond National averages for KS4 courses – particularly Grade 7 & beyond. Destination figures which show student's passion for the subject.

Students to have a 'deeper' knowledge: teaching is designed to help students to remember in the long term the content they have been taught and to integrate new knowledge into larger concepts. Students confident to debate and discuss their knowledge of topics and respond to feedback in a way that is progressive.



Curriculum, implementation - How and what we do

Schemes of learning

- Revised curriculum at KS3 mastery and deeper learning embedded into lessons including key command words working across the JTMAT.
- Literacy and numeracy activities incorporated into lessons and all schemes of learning as well as within our assessments particularly graphs and data.
- Science in the news built is incorporated into lessons as and when.
- Curriculum at KS4 is appropriate and engaging to students. Content is relevant to all learners and diverse.
- Transition unit completed in Year 9 to help prepare students for the KS4 course.
- Revision is woven into SOW to ensure content is retained in the long-term.
- Assessments are reviewed and amended where necessary to support outcomes and to ensure the 'deeper learning' approach.
- Knowledge organisers are updated every year in line with latest assessments and feedback from exam boards and examiners

Quality of marking and feedback

- Clear expectations and routines for student response to feedback (e.g. purple pens and QLA)
- Standardisation activities for mock assessments and book trawls carried out on a termly basis.
- Informal learning walks.
- Use of open-door policy.

Extra-curricular and intervention

- Quality first teaching to ensure gap is narrowed.
- Year 11 intervention held after school in line with the intervention programme.
- Year 10 intervention held afterschool in line towards the end of Y10 when capacity allows.



Science Curriculum Implementation Plan

Science Overall Big Picture					
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3		
Year 7	 Lab Safety ↓ 	 Genes 1 – Variation ↓ 	 JTMAT End of Year 7 Exam ↓ 		
	 Organisms 1 – Movement & Cells ↓ 	 Matter 1 – Separating Mixtures ↓ 	• Ecosystem 1 – Plant Reproduction \downarrow		
	 Matter 1 – Particle Model ↓ 	 Energy 1 – Energy Costs & Transfer ↓ 	 Reactions 1 – Acids & Bases ↓ 		
	 Forces 1 – Speed & Gravity ↓ 	● Assess / DIRT / RETEACH →	• Earth 1 – Earth Structure & Universe		
	 Assess / DIRT / RETEACH → 				
Year 8	 Matter 2 – Periodic Table & Elements 	 Earth 2 – Earth's Resources & Climate 	 Reactions 2 – Types of Reaction 		
	 Waves 1 – Light & Sound ↓ 	 Forces 2 – Contact Forces & Pressure 	 JTMAT End of Year 8 Exam 		
	 Organisms 2 – Breathing & Digestion 	 Genes 2 – Evolution & Inheritance ↓ 	 Energy 2 – Heating & Cooling ↓ 		
	● Assess / DIRT / RETEACH →	 Assess / DIRT / RETEACH → 	 Genes 1 – Human Reproduction ↓ 		
			● Assess / DIRT / RETEACH →		
Year 9	 Applied science skills 1 	 Cells (continued) ↓ 	 Energy changes (continued) ↓ 		
	 Energy ↓ 	 Atomic structure & Radiation ↓ 	 Transport in cells ↓ 		
	 Atomic structure & Periodic Table ↓ 	 Energy changes / formula / equations ↓ 	Assess / DIRT / RETEACH ↓		
	• Cells ↓		 Applied science skills 2 		
	Assess / DIRT / RETEACH		GCSE		



	 Biology – Organisation → Infection & Response → Bioenergetics → Review of Cells → Homeostasis
Year 10	• Chemistry – Review of atomic structure → Structure & bonding → Quantitative chemistry → Chemical changes → Energy
	changes review → Rates of reaction
	 Physics – Electricity → Particle model of matter → Review of atomic structure & radiation → Forces (part 1)
	Required practical revision if needed
	 Biology – Homeostasis review → Inheritance → Ecology → Review → Exams
Year 11	
	 Chemistry – Rates review + equilibria → Organic → Chemical analysis → Earth's atmosphere → Using resources → Review →
	Exams
	 Physics – Forces → Waves → Electromagnetism → Static electricity → Space (single only) → Review → Exams
Year 12	Biology
	• Biological molecules \rightarrow Cells \rightarrow Organisms exchange substances with their environment \rightarrow Genetic information, variation and
	relationships between organisms $ ightarrow$ Energy transfers in and between organisms (photosynthesis only)
	Chemistry
	• Physical – Atomic structure \rightarrow Amount of substance \rightarrow Bonding \rightarrow Energetics \rightarrow Kinetics \rightarrow Equilibria \rightarrow Redox \rightarrow Kinetics \rightarrow
	Fouilibria
	• Inorganic – Periodicity \rightarrow Group 2 \rightarrow Group 7
	• Organic – Nomenclature \rightarrow Isomerism \rightarrow Alkanes \rightarrow Halogenoalkanes \rightarrow Alkenes \rightarrow Alcohols \rightarrow Organic analysis
	Physics
	 Measurements and their errors → Particles and radiation → Mechanics and materials
	 Waves → Electricity
Year 13	Biology
	• Energy transfers in and between organisms (respiration only and energy in ecosystems only) → Organisms respond to changes
	In their internal and external environment \rightarrow Genetics, populations, evolution and ecosystems \rightarrow The control of gene
	expression → Essay writing → Revision & Exams



 <u>Chemistry</u> <u>Physical</u> – Thermodynamics → Rate equations → Equilibrium constants → Electrode potentials → Acids & Bases → Revision & Exams <u>Inorganic</u> – Properties of period 3 → Transition metals → Reaction of ions in aqueous solution → Revision & Exams
 Organic – Optical isomerism → Aldehydes & ketones → Acids & their derivatives → Aromatic chemistry → Amines → Polymers → Amino acids, proteins & DNA → Organic synthesis → Nuclear magnetic resonance → Chromatography → Revision & Exams
<u>Physics</u>
 Further mechanics → Thermal physics → Nuclear physics → Revision & Exams
 Fields and their consequences → Medical physics → Revision & Exams

Biology Curriculum Implementation Plan

Biology						
	Term 1	Term 2		Term 3		
Year 7	Lab Safety	Genes 1 - Variation	on	 Ecosystem 1 – Plant Reproduction 		
	 Organisms 1 – Movement & Cells 					
Year 8	 Organisms 2 – Breathing & Digestion 	• Genes 2 – Evolut	ion & Inheritance	 Genes 1 – Human Reproduction 		
Year 9	Applied science skills 1		Transport in cells			
	Cells		 Applied science sk 	lls 2		
Year 10	Organisation	Bioenergetics		Homeostasis 2		
	Infection & Response	Homeostasis 1				
Year 11	Inheritance	 Ecology 		Revision and exam preparation		
	Ecology	Revision				
Year 12	Monomers and polymers	Transport across	s cell membranes	Mass transport		
	Carbohydrates	Surface area: vol	ume ratio	Species and taxonomy		
	Lipids	Gas exchange		Biodiversity within a community		
	 Proteins and Enzymes 	Mass transport		 Investigating diversity 		
	Nucleic acid			Photosynthesis (A-Level)		



	 ATP, water and inorganic ions Cell structure All cells arise from other cells Transport across cell membranes 	 Cell recognition and the immune system DNA, gene and chromosomes DNA and protein synthesis Genetic diversity and adaptions Species and taxonomy 	
Year 13	 Energy in ecosystems Inheritance Populations and evolution Populations and ecosystems Photosynthesis and respiration Response to stimuli Nervous coordination and muscles 	 Gene expression DNA technology Nervous coordination and muscles Skeletal muscle Homeostasis 	 Examination preparation Essay writing



Biology Curriculum Implementation Plan

Biology					
Knowledge and Skills – Students will be taught	Reading, Oracy, Literacy and	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Link to GCSE Content	
to	Numeracy				
Throughout their Biology journey students will	Reading:	Questioning in lessons	4 end of unit	Most of the topics in year	
learn to analyse patterns, draw conclusions,	 Regular use of on screen 		assessments based on	7&8 are designed to	
present data, read, understand and respond	sources and science news	Whole class feedback	all previous work which	maintain student's natural	
to information, justify opinions, collect data,	articles in lessons.	during lessons	continues to build on	curiosity, develop practical	
plan variables, test hypotheses, estimate and	 Research and online 		ideas from previous	skills and also to provide	
minimise risks, examine consequences, review	reading	Regular verbal	topics completed in the	solid foundations of the	
theories and interrogate sources of	 Science revision guides 	feedback	academic year to inform	concepts they will meet at	
information.			reports.	GCSE	
	Recommended reading:	Peer and self-			
Intro into Science	Frozen Planet – Alistair	assessment of written	At the end of each year	In year 9 students revisit and	
 Lab safety & hazards 	Fothergill	work	students will sit an end	build upon some of the key	
 The scientific method 	Horrible Science (collection		of year exam covering	Ideas in science (e.g. cells,	
Organisms 1 – Movement & Cells	of books) – Nick Arnold	LOW SLAKES QUIZZING	the current year and	particles and energy) to	
 Structure & function of cells /using 	Longitude – Dava Sobel	Exit stratogios	some topics from	for the concents they will	
microscopes.	Nightwatch – Terence	LAIL SUBLES		meet in year 10 & 11 (e.g.	
 Movement of materials in & between 	Dickinson		previous years	cells particles chemical	
cells	Planet Earth – Alistair			reactions energy & forces)	
Unicellular organisms	Fothergill			reactions, energy & forces).	
Organisation of multicellular	The Planets – Dava Sobel			All set questions are GCSE	
The human skeleten muscles ?	Science: The Definitive			style.	
 The number skeleton, muscles & biomochanics 	Visual Guide – Adam Hart				
biomechanics	Davis (Dorling Kingsley)			Range of language based	
	Wonders of the Universe -			skills to prepare for GCSE.	



Genes 1 – Ecosystems and Populations	Brian Cox		
 Interdependence of organisms in an 	WOW: The Visual		
ecosystem, including food webs and	Encyclopaedia – Dorling		
insect pollinated crops	Kingsley		
 Importance of plant reproduction in 	Oxygen – Nick Lane		
food security	Numeracy:		
 Variation, adaptation and natural 	 Standard form (not in 		
selection	yr7&8) this is introduced		
	in year 9 to set a basis for		
Ecosystem 1 – Plant Reproduction	GCSE ideas they meet in		
 Structure of plants and flowers 	yr 10 & 11.		
 Reproduction in plants 	 Graphing & scales 		
 Function of the male and female 	Averages		
reproductive plant parts	• The idea of uncertainties		
Variation	is met in year that build		
	on the ideas of averages		
Organisms 2 – Breathing & Digestion	met in Yr 7 & KS2		
 What makes a healthy diet? 	 Formula & balancing 		
 Calculations of energy requirements in 	equations		
a healthy daily diet	 Using and rearranging 		
 Consequences of imbalances in the 	equations is briefly met in		
diet, deficiency diseases	yr 8 and built upon in the		
 The human digestive system 	following years		
 Importance of bacteria in the 	Literacy & Oracy:		
digestive system	 Encourage group 		
 Structure and functions of the gas 	discussion and debate.		
exchange system in humans	Communicate ideas clearly		
 Lungs and our breathing, measuring 	& effectively.		
lung volume	 Make sure spelling and 		
 Impact of exercise, asthma and 	punctuation is accurate		
smoking			



Genes 2	2 –	Evolution	&	Inheritance
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- Variation
- Darwin
- Natural Selection
- DNA / Chromosomes / Genes
- Genetic traits

Genes 1 – Human Reproduction

- Reproduction in humans (gametes, fertilisation, gestation and birth)
- Structure and function of the male and female reproductive systems
- Menstrual cycle

Maths & Science Skills 1

- Averages & Uncertainties
- Significant figures & precision
- Standard form
- Units & conversions
- Ratios & percentages
- HSW terms
- ISA investigation 1

Cells

- Eukaryotes & prokaryotes
- Microscopes
- Measuring cells
- Culturing microbes
- Stem cells
- Mitosis and the cell cycle
- Diffusion



Applied	l Science	Skills	1
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- Averages
- Writing methods
- Graph skills
- Data analysis
- Conclusions & evaluations

Transport in cells

- Diffusion
- Osmosis
- Active transport
- Plant tissues
- Plant transport systems

Applied Science Skills 2

- Averages
- Writing methods
- Graph skills
- Data analysis
- Conclusions & evaluations

Organisation

- Principles of organisation
- The properties of enzymes
- Human digestive system and enzymes
- Food Tests
- Heart and blood vessels
- CHD
- Health and non-communicable diseases
- Cancer



Infection & Response		
Communicable diseases		
Viral diseases		
Malaria		
Human defence systems		
Vaccination		
 Treating disease and antibiotics 		
New drugs		
 Culturing microorganisms and 		
preventing bacterial growth (Bio only)		
 Plant diseases (Bio only) 		
 Detection and identification of plant 		
deficiencies (Bio only)		
 Uses of monoclonal antibodies (Bio 		
only)		
Picoporactics		
Bioenergetics		
Protosynthesis Bochization		
Respiration		
• Metabolism		
Homeostasis & Response		
 Human nervous system 		
Endocrine system		
Blood glucose		
Menstrual cycle		
Contraception		
Treating infertility		
Negative feedback		
• The brain (Bio only)		
The eye (Bio only)		



• Water and nitrogen balance (Bio on	ly)		
• Kidney function and kidney failure (Bio		
only)			
 Plant hormones (Bio only) 			
Inheritance, Variation & Evolution			
Reproduction			
Meiosis			
 DNA structure and Mendel (Bio only 	()		
Genetic inheritance			
 Inherited disorders 			
 Sex determination 			
 Variation and evolution 			
 The development of understanding 	of		
genetics and evolution			
 Cloning (Bio only) 			
 Theories of evolution (Bio only) 			
 Speciation (Bio only) 			
F = 1 =			
Ecology			
Classification of living organisms			
Communities Abietia & Disting factors			
Abiotic & Biotic factors			
Adaptations			
Levels of organisation Tranhia layals and nyramids of			
Irophic levels and pyramids of			
biomass (Bio only)			
 How materials are cycled 			
Decomposition (Bio only)			
Biodiversity			
Waste management			
Land use			



Deforestation		
Global warming		
 Maintaining biodiversity 		
• Factors affecting food security (Bio		
only)		
• Farming techniques (Bio only)		
• Sustainable fisheries (Bio only)		
• Role of biotechnologies (Bio only)		