



### simplifying ratios...

**EXAMPLE:**

Simplify the ratio 15 : 20

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & 15 : 20 & \\ \div 5 \swarrow & & \searrow \div 5 \\ & 3 : 4 & \end{array}$$

5 is a factor of both 15 and 20

3 and 4 have no more common factors

**EXAMPLE:**

Simplify 2.4 : 3 : 4.8

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & 2.4 : 3 : 4.8 & \\ \times 10 \swarrow & & \searrow \times 10 \\ & 24 : 30 : 48 & \\ \div 2 \swarrow & & \searrow \div 2 \\ & 12 : 15 : 24 & \\ \div 3 \swarrow & & \searrow \div 3 \\ & 4 : 5 : 8 & \end{array}$$

First get rid of the decimals

Work out the value of each circle

Keep going if there's still a common factor

**EXAMPLE:** Simplify

2 hours : 40 minutes

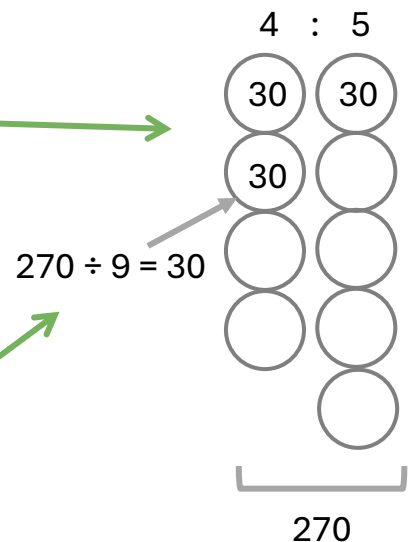
$$\begin{array}{ccc} & 120 : 40 & \\ \div 10 \swarrow & & \searrow \div 10 \\ & 12 : 4 & \\ \div 3 \swarrow & & \searrow \div 3 \\ & 3 : 1 & \end{array}$$

Convert to a common unit (e.g. minutes)

Simplify further if possible

### sharing in a ratio...

**EXAMPLE:** Fran and Elle share 270 lego bricks in the ratio 4 : 5. How many does each get?



Draw a diagram

Count up the circles

$$4 \times 30 = 120$$

$$5 \times 30 = 150$$

Fran gets 120

Elle gets 150

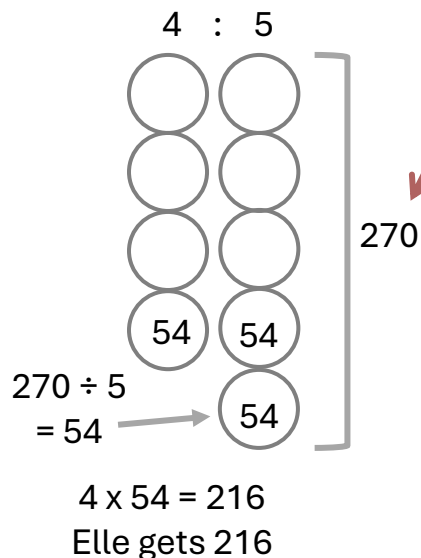
Answer in context

## one part is given...

### EXAMPLE:

Fran and Elle share some lego bricks in the ratio 4 : 5.

**Elle gets 270.** How many does Fran get?



Notice that  
'spoons'  
appear twice

This time the  
5 circles are  
worth 270

Arrange all the  
information

Scale up the  
spoons

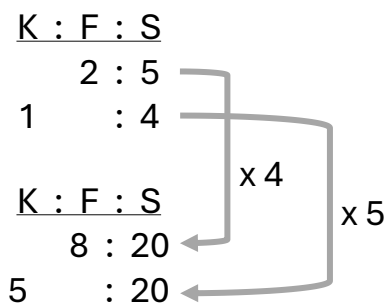
## combined ratios...

### EXAMPLE:

The ratio of forks to **spoons** is 2 : 5

The ratio of knives to **spoons** is 1 : 4

Find the ratio of knives to forks.



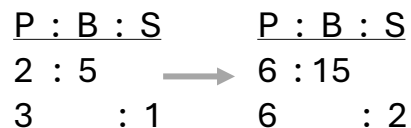
The ratio of knives to forks is 5 : 8

### EXAMPLE:

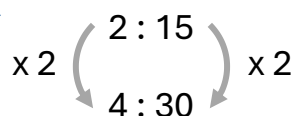
In a restaurant, the ratio of **pizzas** to burgers served is 2 : 5.

The ratio of salads to **pizzas** is 1 : 3.

If 4 salads are sold, how many burgers are sold?



The ratio of salads to burgers is



30 burgers are sold

Arrange and  
scale up the  
information

A circle diagram  
could be used  
for this part

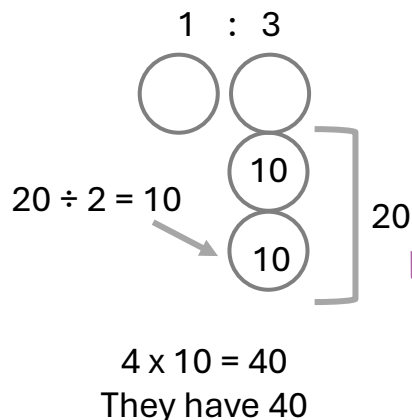
The 2 circles  
here represent  
the '20 more'

## a difference is given...

### EXAMPLE:

Pete and Sam share some sweets in the ratio 1 : 3.

Sam gets **20 more** than Pete. How many do they have in total?



A **map scale** can be written using units

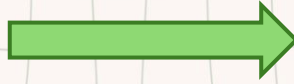
e.g. 1cm to 10 miles

or as a ratio

e.g. 1 : 50 000

For this ratio, 1 cm on the map represents 50 000 cm in real life.

(or 1mm represents 50 000 mm, etc.)



## map scales...

**EXAMPLE:** A map has a scale 1cm : 6km  
A road is 15km long.  
How long does it appear on the map, in cm?

MAP : REAL LIFE

1cm : 6km

1cm : 6000m

1cm : 600 000cm

$$\begin{array}{c} \div 40 \quad \left( \begin{array}{c} 1 : 600\,000 \\ \hline 0.025 : 15\,000 \end{array} \right) \quad \div 40 \end{array}$$

Use the  
15km in the  
question  
(in metres  
here)

Road on the map,

0.025 metres

2.5 cm

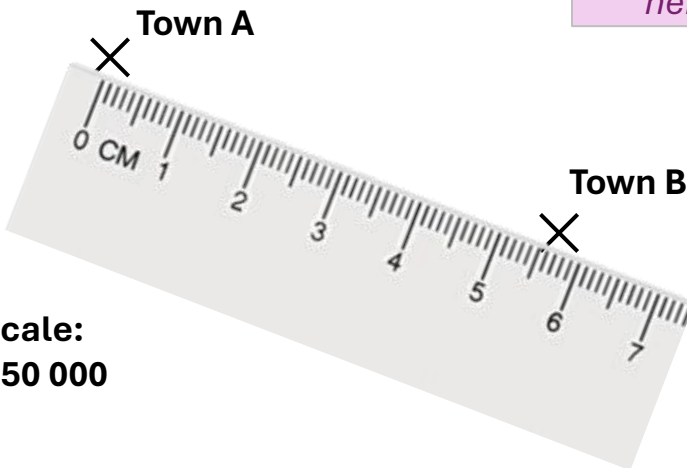
$\times 100$

The question  
asked for the  
answer in cm

**EXAMPLE:**

The accurate scale diagrams shows two towns, Town A and Town B.

Find the actual distance between the two towns, in kilometres.



**Scale:**

**1 : 50 000**

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 5.7 \text{ cm} & \xrightarrow{\quad \times 50\,000 \quad} & 285\,000 \text{ cm} & \xrightarrow{\quad \div 100 \quad} & 2\,850 \text{ m} & \xrightarrow{\quad \div 1\,000 \quad} & 2.85 \text{ km} \\ \text{on diagram} & & \text{in real life} & & & & \end{array}$$

Measure the  
distance  
accurately with a  
ruler

Use the scale  
from the  
diagram

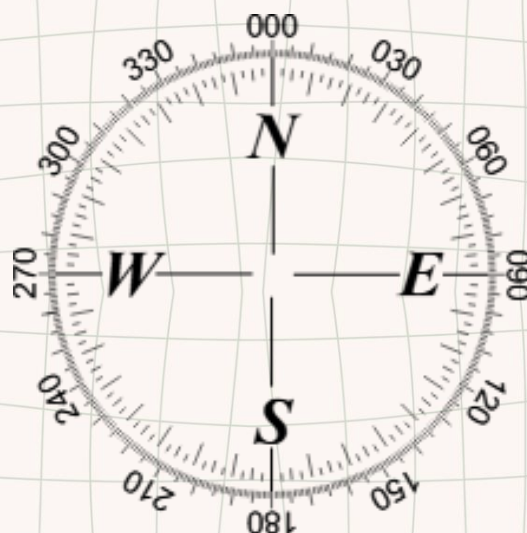
The question  
asked for the  
answer in  
kilometres

A **bearing** is used to represent direction accurately, such as for navigation.

Bearings are measured:

- clockwise from north
- in degrees
- using 3 digits (e.g. 042°)

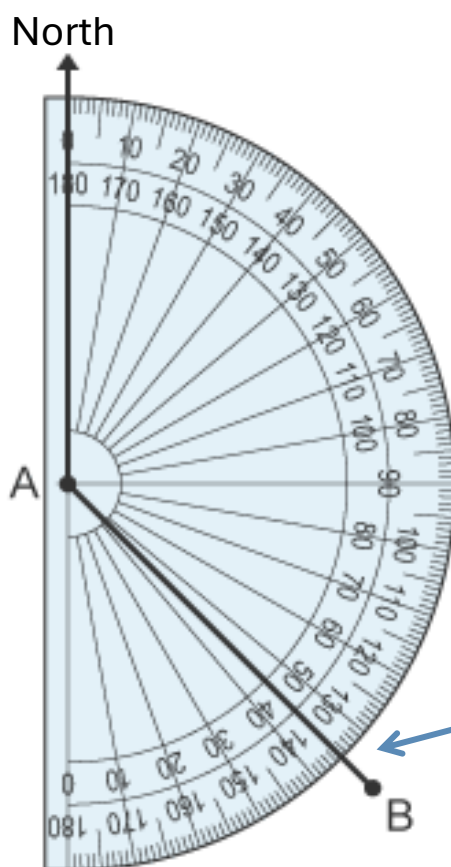
The bearing of **A from B** is the direction to travel to get from B to A.



measuring...

**EXAMPLE:**

Measure the bearing of **B from A**.



*This means the direction to get from A to B*

*We're travelling from A, so place the centre of a protractor at A*

*Measure the angle accurately, clockwise from north*

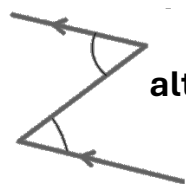
*Remember to use 3 digits for angles less than 100°*

**135°**



## parallel lines...

Calculating bearings can involve using the rules for angles on parallel lines:



**alternate angles**  
are equal



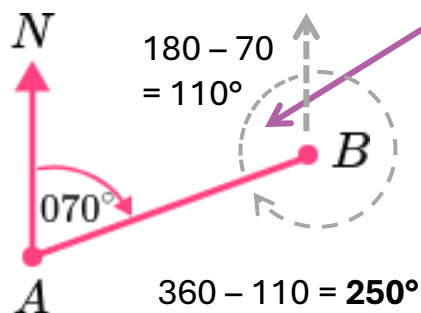
**corresponding angles**  
are equal



**co-interior angles**  
add up to  $180^\circ$

## calculating...

**EXAMPLE:** The bearing of B from A is  $70^\circ$ .  
Calculate the bearing of A from B.



Add in a second north line

Find this angle using the rule for co-interior angles

Now find the required angle: clockwise from north

## constructing

### EXAMPLE:

Josh is at point A.  
He runs 500m on a bearing of  $310^\circ$ .  
Plot his finishing position with a cross.

$$360 - 310 = 50^\circ$$

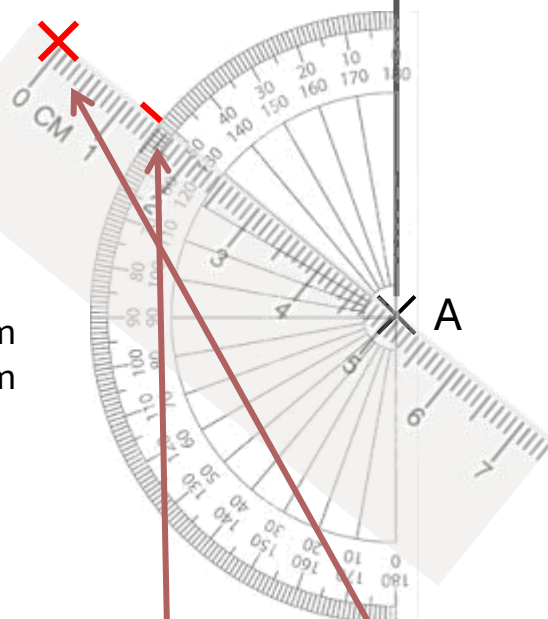
The bearing needs to be clockwise from north

$$\begin{array}{l} 1 \text{ cm} : 100\text{m} \\ 5 \text{ cm} : 500\text{m} \end{array}$$

Calculate the distance using the scale

Scale 1 cm : 100 m

North



Use a protractor to mark the correct angle

Then use a ruler to mark the answer at the correct distance